

2024 Annual Report



www.clemsonpd.org
864-624-2000

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Letter From The Chief

To: Mayor Robert Halfacre
Clemson City Council Members
City Administrator D. Andy Blondeau
Our Clemson Neighbors

Re: 2024 Annual Report

The Clemson Police Department has continued its efforts to detect, identify, and combat crime and keep the City as a safe and enjoyable environment to live, learn, work, and play. One of the most concerning reoccurring issue our community faces is underage drinking. The ease with which underage persons can obtain fake IDs has significantly contributed to the increase in these numbers. In effort to curb this, the Police Department learned of an application that is commercially available that analyzes the IDs for security to determine its validity. With the aid of a \$25,000 grant from DAODAS and city funding, this application has been made available to Clemson businesses for free for just shy of a year. This project was successful in identifying 13% of the IDs scanned as fake and turning the presenter away from entering the establishments. The technology our department utilizes continues to prove successful in investigating crime and identifying criminals. This force multiplier has helped our staff solve cases for local and other agencies by providing leads leading to the identity and location of offenders. An example of this is a murder suspect from Tennessee traveled through Clemson after committing their crime and our Flock system captured the suspect vehicle while doing so. This eventually led to his location in Greenville where he was arrested. Another example was the rash of burglaries that occurred over the summer months where the offender entered several houses and stole several thousand dollars worth of cash and items. The Flock system and identification software provided invaluable information that led to the identification of the suspect and their travels, leading to the discovery of several unreported burglaries that occurred in the immediate vicinity of Clemson. Property crime, such as this, continues to be our highest category of crime incidents but we observed a 4.6% decrease this year.

Reports of Violent Crime, such as assaults and rape, increased this year by 19.4% and our narcotics incidents increased 24.6%. We applied for, and in December was awarded, a grant to fund a narcotics detective to investigate these crimes. Their impact is yet to be realized but I suspect it will result in more reports and arrests.

The biggest hurdle last year was Hurricane Helene. It inflicted widespread damage to the Upstate and did not spare the City of Clemson. Your police department was prepared and up to the task of working before, during, and after the storm to provide public safety services to the City. Officers, city staff, and community members worked tirelessly to open roads, clear debris, and check on the health and well-being of our neighbors. We were lucky no one was seriously hurt or died as a result and we stand ready for future emergencies.

Our staff and I are appreciative of the continued support by yourself and members of the city council. We look forward to continuing our efforts to achieve our goals of Courtesy, Professionalism, and Dedication to our community.

Jorge Campos
Chief Of Police

City Of Clemson

Mayor Robert Halfacre

City Council Members*:

Dr. Bob Brookover (Ph.D)

Dr. Catherine Watt (Ph.D)

Ms. Alesia Smith

Ms. Lillian Boatwright

Mr. John Fulmer

Mr. John W. Ducworth III

City Administrator: Andy Blondeau

Deputy City Administrator: Allison Gante

City Clerk: Jeremiah Jackson



*As of December 31, 2024

Police Advisory Board

The Police Advisory Board (PAB) was reenacted in 2021. The board meets every fourth Thursday of the month, except for holidays. It is composed of nine members. There are seven at-large members, one high school aged resident of the city and one Clemson University Student. The board hears reports on crime, police enforcement efforts, training, informational presentations, and a variety of other topics. The board assists the department with grant proposals, suggestions, policy updates, and presentations to the City Council for changes in budget, policy or ordinances. The PAB is a conduit between the department, City Council, and the community. Below is the list of active board members as of December 31, 2024.

Lisa Robinson - Chair

Kevin Dull - Co-Chair

Sandy Edge

Winton Hunter

Elaine Masceri

Jacquie Myers

Pablo Unda

Steven Plant - CU student representative


Saniya Burns - High School representative



Vision And Mission



The Clemson Police Department will strive to become a benchmark agency in the law enforcement profession; accomplished through Courtesy, Professionalism, and Dedication to public service; employing the highest caliber personnel and forming community partnerships to maintain order and preserve a high quality of life.



The Clemson Police Department will serve diligently to be compassionate and responsive to the needs of the community by providing professional law enforcement services for the purpose of enhancing the quality of life for those who live, work and visit the City of Clemson.

Our Department

The Clemson Police Department is budgeted for fifty-one (51) full time employees. Of this number, thirty-nine (39) positions are for certified police officers. Nine (9) positions are certified detention officers that also hold the position of dispatcher. There is one administrative assistant, one records clerk, and one victim advocate.

In 2024, the Department hired six (6) new officers and three (3) dispatcher-jailers. There were five (5) resignations and one (1) termination.



Agency Wide Breakdown Of Sworn And Non-Sworn Positions							
Sworn Personnel	White Non-Hispanic		Black Non-Hispanic		Hispanic-Latino		Total
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
Non-Supervisory	14	3	4	0	1	2	24
Supervisory	3	1	0	0	0	1	5
Command	3	0	0	0	0	0	3
Executives	1	0	1	0	1	0	3
Subtotal	21	4	5	0	2	3	35
Non-Sworn Personnel							
Non-Supervisory	0	10	0	1	0	0	11
Supervisory	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Managerial	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Executive	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Subtotal	0	10	0	1	0	0	11
Total (Sworn & Non-Sworn)	21	14	5	1	2	3	46

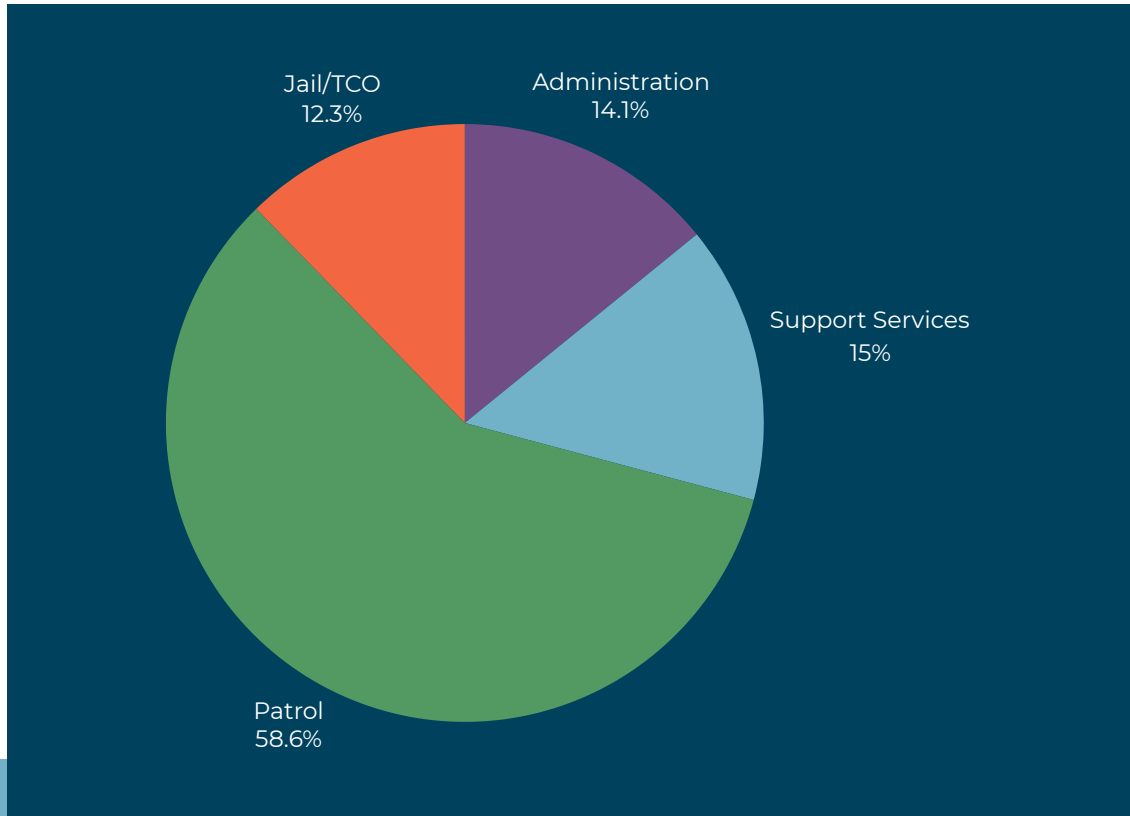
Sworn Officer Selection		
2024		
Race / Gender	Applications Received	Applicants Hired
White Non-Hispanic		
Male	27	4
Female	3	0
Black Non-Hispanic		
Male	6	1
Female	0	0
Hispanic / Latino Of Any Race		
Male	6	0
Female	1	1
Other / Unknown		
Male	1	0
Female	1	0
Total	45	6

2024 Sworn Officer Promotions			
	Tested	Eligible After Testing	Promoted
White			
Male	3	1	1
Female	1	1	1
Black			
Male	0	0	0
Female	0	0	0
Hispanic-Latino			
Male	0	0	0
Female	0	0	0
Other			
Male	0	0	0
Female	0	0	0

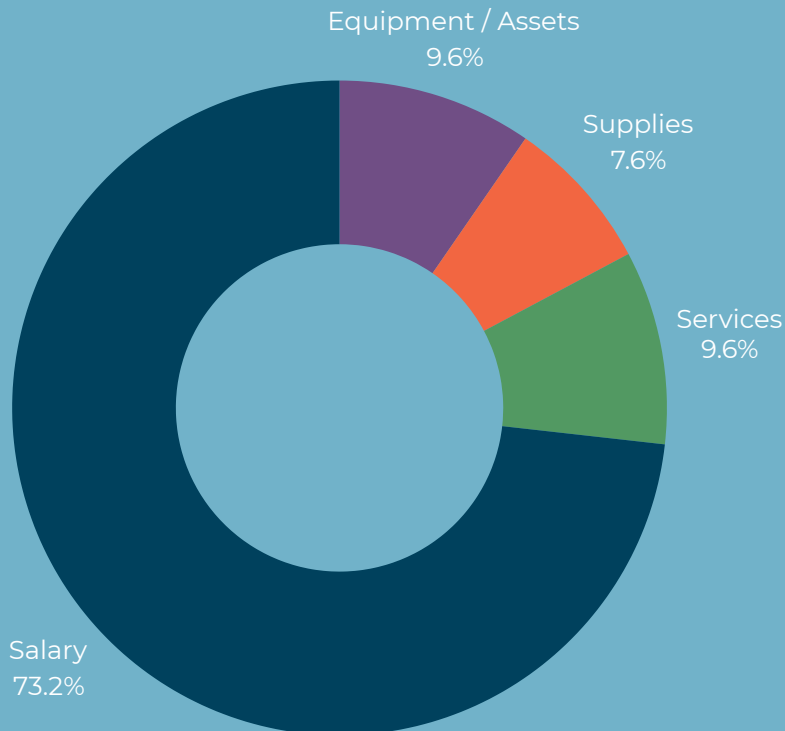
Operating Budget

The Clemson City Police Department's 2023-2024 fiscal year operating budget was \$5,649,700.00. The Department's operations were supplemented by grants. Approximately \$198,147.00 was awarded through various grants (inside the calendar year). Grant funds are not counted in the yearly budget and are issued on a fiscal calendar different from the City. The grant funds were awarded for the Fake ID Enforcement Pilot Program and Body Armor and to fund a Narcotics Investigator. The grant funds were received through the State Department of Public Safety and the Phoenix Center 13th Circuit AET program.

By Department



By Type



Meet Our Executive Staff



JORGE CAMPOS CHIEF OF POLICE

Chief Campos is a 30+ year veteran of Law Enforcement and was selected for his current position in November of 2020. He has a Master's Degree in Criminal Justice from St. Leo University. He is a graduate from the FBI National Academy Session 268 and the Florida Senior Leadership Academy Class 18. Throughout his career, Chief Campos has served in a variety of roles and has obtained diverse experience with law enforcement and municipal incidents. Chief Campos welcomes the involvement of the Clemson Community to help the Police Department exceed its goals.

MATTHEW CULBREATH CAPTAIN - SUPPORT SERVICES

A well known Clemson native and more than 35 year department employee, Captain Matt Culbreath began his career in 1985 as a Reserve Officer. In September 1988, he became a full-time officer assigned to Uniform Patrol. He was promoted to the rank of Sergeant and then to Patrol Lieutenant before being promoted as Commander for the Uniform Patrol Unit in 2006. When the Investigations and Support Services units were combined, Captain Culbreath was transferred to command these functions for the department. He now serves as the Captain over the Support Services Division. In his current role; Captain Culbreath coordinates the Investigative Unit, Communications, Detention Center, Crime Scene and Evidence, Records Services, Community Outreach, and Victim's Services. Along with these functions, Captain Culbreath works alongside the City's IT Department to maintain the many pieces of technology utilized by the department. Throughout his distinguished career, Capt. Culbreath has received a number of service awards and recognitions. Within the PD, Captain Culbreath is an expert or instructor for (SCCJA) Emergency vehicle operations, Firearms, Patrol rifle, Oleoresin Capsicum, Basic Instructor, (SCDNR/US Coast Guard) Safe boating, (LSU) Weapons of mass destruction response instructor, Law Enforcement Prevention and Deterrence of Terrorist Acts, and Immediate Action Team-(Alert) Active Shooter instructor. Captain Culbreath has also received his Infrastructure Protection expert certification from Texas A&M University.



NATHANIEL HEARD CAPTAIN - PATROL DIVISION

Captain Nate Heard came to the Clemson City Police Department in 1998 after serving three years with the Clemson University Police Department. In December 2008, he was promoted to the rank of Lieutenant. January 1st 2020, he was promoted to his current rank of Captain/Operations Commander. Nate is currently the commander of Uniform Patrol, Extra Duty and Special Events Coordinator, Police Crisis Negotiations Team Lead, serves as the department Quartermaster, and is in charge of hiring patrol personnel. Captain Heard received his Infrastructure Protection expert certification from Texas A&M University. He has received the FBI Trilogy award for the completion of The Law Enforcement Executive Development Program and will be attending the FBI Command College Spring 2023. Capt. Heard is a SCCJA Certified Basic Instructor; SCCJA Certified Training Manager; South Carolina Crisis Negotiations Board Member; 2022 Bucky Phillips Negotiator of the Year award winner; has completed several Special event Protection training classes through Texas A&M University; and has obtained an Associates Degree from TCTC and a Bachelor's degree in Business from Strayer University.



Meet Our Command Staff

RICHARD GOOCH

LIEUTENANT - SUPPORT SERVICES



Lt. Richard Gooch was born and raised in Fredericksburg, Virginia, and has served the public as a law enforcement professional for the past three decades. Lt. Gooch joined the United States Army in November of 1991 and graduated from the US Army Military Police School in November 1992. He served in the 287th Military Police Company in Berlin Germany, and the 437th Military Police Company at Ft. Belvoir, Virginia. He was deployed to Guantanamo Bay, Cuba for JTF-160 Operation Sea Signal and to The Republic of Panama as part of Operation Sustain Liberty.

Lt. Gooch joined the Clemson Police Department in March of 1999 as a Reserve Police Officer and was hired full time November 1st, 1999. He graduated from the South Carolina Criminal Justice Academy February 22nd, 2000. Lt. Gooch received an Associate Degree in Public Safety from Tri-County Tech in December 2000. He spent most of his career in uniform patrol and was promoted to Lieutenant in 2007. Lt. Gooch moved to the Criminal Investigations Unit in February of 2021. He currently is the Lieutenant over CIU, Support Services and is the department's training officer.

TELLY OWEN SR.

LIEUTENANT - PATROL - TEAM 2



Lt. Owen graduated from Clinton High School and became a student at Clemson University in 1994. He began his Law Enforcement career as a Student Police Officer with Clemson University PD in August of 1998. He became certified through the South Carolina Criminal Justice Academy as an officer with Central PD in May of 2000. In November of 2007, Lt. Owen contracted through DynCorp as a Police Advisor to train police in Afghanistan. In January of 2010 he returned to Clemson as a road officer for Clemson City Police Department. During his tenure here he has been a part of the Boat Patrol team, High Risk Team, Traffic Safety Team and Gang Unit. He has served as Master Patrol Officer, Patrol Sergeant and now serving as a Watch Commander over road patrol team 2. He has received the FBI Trilogy award for the completion of The Law Enforcement Executive Development Program and will be attending the FBI Command College Spring 2025.

J. C. GREER

LIEUTENANT - PATROL - TEAM 1



Lt. Greer began his law enforcement career in January 2003 with the South Carolina Department of Public Safety in the Highway Patrol Division. He worked for SCHP for 11.5 years before coming to the City of Clemson Police Department. During his time at CPD, he has served as a Patrol Officer, Patrol Sergeant, and is currently serving as a shift Lieutenant in Patrol Operations Team One. Lt. Greer holds a Bachelor's Degree in Criminal Justice from Anderson University, and a Master's Degree in Public Administration with a concentration in Emergency Management from Clemson University. He is a certified Traffic Collision Reconstructionist through the South Carolina Criminal Justice Academy and currently oversees major collisions that take place within the city limits. His other duties include Fleet Manager, Internal Affairs Investigator, Firearms Instructor, DUI SFST Instructor, and Speed Measurement Device Instructor. Lt. Greer has been married to his beautiful wife, Meghan, for the last 15 years. They have two wonderful children, Braxton and Ralyn.

Service Awards

The City of Clemson grants service awards to employees for milestones in their employment. This year, six Clemson Police Department employees were given service awards. We are grateful to these employees for their loyalty and dedication and look forward to many more years. (*Did not attend the banquet and are not pictured)

5 Years of Service

- Sgt. Noah Millspaugh
- Det. Tyler Owens*

20 Years of Service

- Pamela Gravley*

25 Years of Service

- Lt. Richard Gooch

35 Years of Service

- Capt. Matt Culbreath



Outstanding Employees

This year's CPD Employee Of The Year award was presented to Officer Dalton Ray.



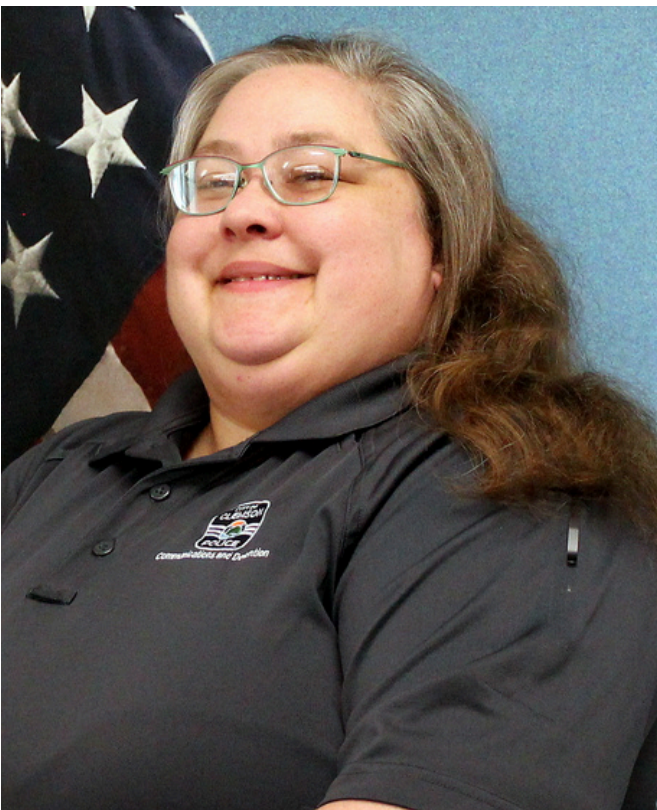
This year's Municipal Association Employee Of The Year award was presented to Officer Daniel Winchester.



Special Recognition

This year, the department added awards to recognize a Dispatcher Of The Year and a Support Services Personnel Of The Year to recognize those critical employees whom often go unseen.

Dispatcher Of The Year
Katy Sprenne



Support Services Employee
Of The Year
Sonya Morton

Uniform Patrol Division



The Uniform Patrol Division provides direct police services to the public and is the most visible and easily recognizable part of the Clemson Police Department. Uniform Patrol is comprised of trained officers responding to emergency and non-emergency calls.

In 2024, the patrol division drove a total of 300,692 miles and spent approximately 4,999 hours on foot patrol. The officers responded to 253 noise complaint calls, 210 minor in possession incidents, and made 53,372 neighborhood citizen contacts. Patrol responded to 528 traffic collisions. Of those collisions, 84 had injuries. Officers made 65 DUI arrests and responded to 68 motor vehicle thefts and 65 thefts from a motor vehicle.



Crime Numbers

Violation	Number Of Reports		
	2024	2023	2022
Animal Complaint	74	110	49
Animal Cruelty	12	1	5
Assault - Aggravated	13	11	25
Assault - Intimidation	16	16	13
Assault - Simple	128	123	139
Burglary / Breaking & Entering	29	37	25
Disorderly Conduct	104	58	64
Driving Under The Influence	65	53	81
Drug / Narcotic Violations	143	119	163
Fraud	168	73	61
Hit & Run	156	92	100
Homicide	0	1	1
Kidnapping / Abduction	3	1	3
Larceny	136	130	138
Liquor Law Violations	227	187	340
Missing Person	22	6	7
Motor Vehicle Theft	68	51	47
Noise Violations	89	3	11
Public Drunkenness	193	124	173
Rape	16	4	8
Robbery	2	2	5
Runaway	10	1	4
Stolen Property	6	9	12
Suicides	0	1	4
Theft From Vehicle	65	109	149
Vandalism Of Property	89	88	90

| Support Services



The Clemson Police Department Support Services Department is critical to both the department and the community. This department encompasses Dispatch, Detention Center, Evidence, Investigations, Records, and Victim Services.

Investigations

The Investigation Department is responsible for the investigation and follow up of serious crimes for the Clemson Police Department. This includes assaults, robbery, homicides, kidnapping, rape, sex offenses, abuse, and missing persons. The same officers are responsible for follow up with these cases as they progress.

In 2024, there were 364 cases investigated. Of those cases, 270 were cleared with \$133,357 in property recovered. This is a 74% clearance rate which is up from the 73% clearance rate from 2023.

Narcotics / Special Enforcement Division

The Narcotics Investigator performs community based investigations into street level drug distribution. This officer is also responsible for the investigation of major drug trafficking cases (including being a part of a statewide task force), prescription drug abuse, and asset forfeiture related to drug offenses. Additionally, the Narcotics Officer is responsible for working with other agencies to set up operations that target underage drinking. There were 58 drug cases investigated in 2024, resulting in 62 arrests by the Narcotics Investigator.

Communications Division

The Communications Department is our dispatchers and is responsible for receiving and screening emergency and routine telephone calls and walk-in cases and dispatching police officers to those incidents as needed. The dispatchers also oversee the Department's Detention Center.

In 2024, the Communications Department received 58,855 calls for service and 5,381 emergency 911 calls.

Detention Center

The Clemson City Detention Center houses prisoners for Clemson City Police, Clemson University Police, and occasionally SLED. We are budgeted for nine (9) full-time correctional officers who also double as dispatchers to staff the facility. There is currently one position vacant. The detention center is licensed through the South Carolina Department Of Corrections as a Level One Jail. The South Carolina Department Of Corrections and the South Carolina State Fire Marshal's Office inspect the jail bi-annually.

There were 907 prisoners housed in the Clemson Detention Center in 2024. This number includes prisoners housed for other agencies, including Clemson University. This shows a significant increase from 2023 where 762 prisoners were housed.

Records Office

The Records Office is responsible for maintaining access to central records information, criminal data entry, and uniform crime reporting. In 2024, the records office received 893 requests for reports and 99 FOIA requests and performed 142 records checks.

Departmental Training

The training officer is responsible for arranging entry-level and in-service training to all personnel, preparing training modules, maintaining individual training files on each employee and ensuring that all personnel complete required training and qualification programs.

In 2024, the Clemson Police Department personnel completed 120 hours of new hire training, 352 of in-service training, and 748 hours of advanced/specialized training.

Forensic / Evidence Division

The Clemson Police Department's Forensic / Evidence Division ensures that the Department's evidence collection/handling policies and procedures are up to date and utilized correctly. They are responsible for crime scene investigation, fingerprint identification, firearms & tool mark examination, and digital forensics (including forensic data extraction and video enhancement).

In 2024, there were 62 crime scenes processed by the Forensic / Evidence Division as part of criminal investigations.

Victim Services



The Clemson Police Department Victim Advocate, Sonya Morton, is responsible for ensuring that the rights of all crime victims are upheld by the department. Services include crisis intervention, emotional support, and assistance filling out necessary forms and applications. Mrs. Morton attends court with victims and may make referrals on the victim's behalf. She is also a liaison between outside agencies, victims, and law enforcement officers. This includes the Department Of Social Services, Pickens County Advocacy Center, Safe Harbor, the Julie Valentine Center and more. The Victim Advocate also works as the LGBTQ+ liaison for the Clemson Police Department.

In 2024, the Victim Advocate assisted 101 victims of crimes and worked 26 call outs after hours. This position also assists with coordinating and operating several community events including National Night Out.

School Resource Officer

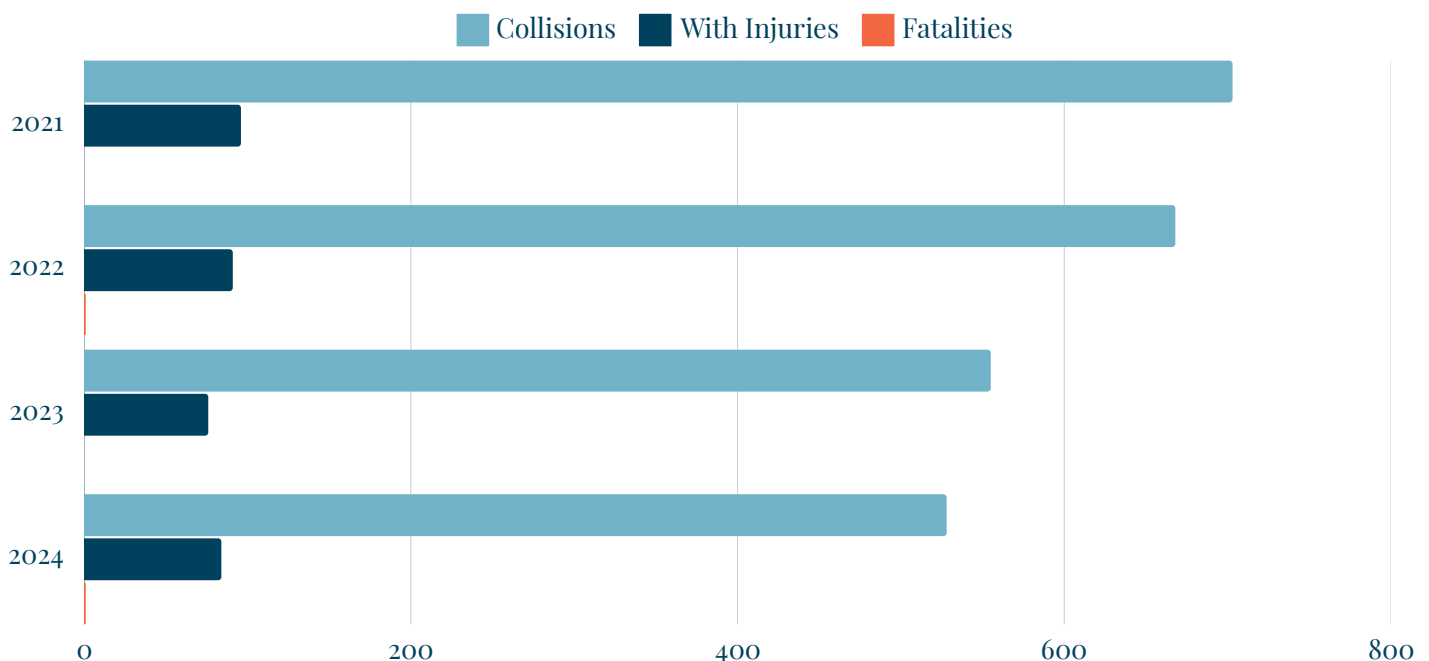
The school resource officer (SRO) is responsible for all school-related services. They are a direct liaison with Clemson Elementary and the Pickens County School District. The SRO provides traffic direction at intersections identified as hazardous school crossings to ensure the safe passage of children to and from school. In 2024, the SRO spent 1,457 hours in Clemson Elementary School to ensure the safety of the students, faculty, and staff. These hours include traffic control, checking and securing school doors, reporting any safety concerns, and monitoring activities. The SRO serves as a department representative to the students, their parents and guardians, providing a safe and secure learning environment for the future of our city.



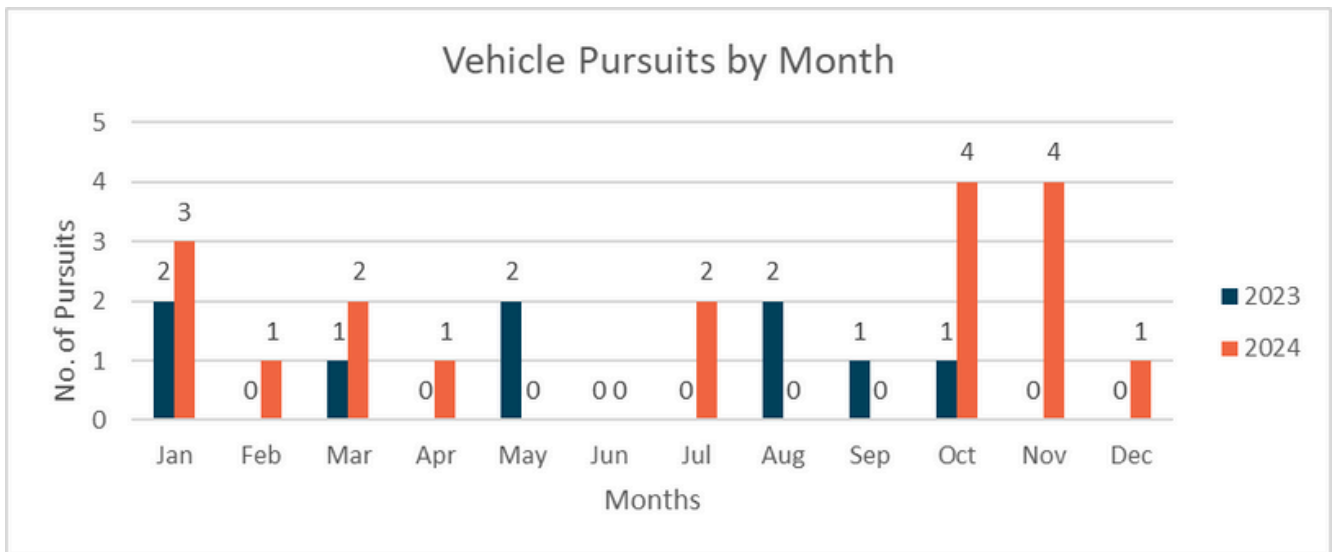
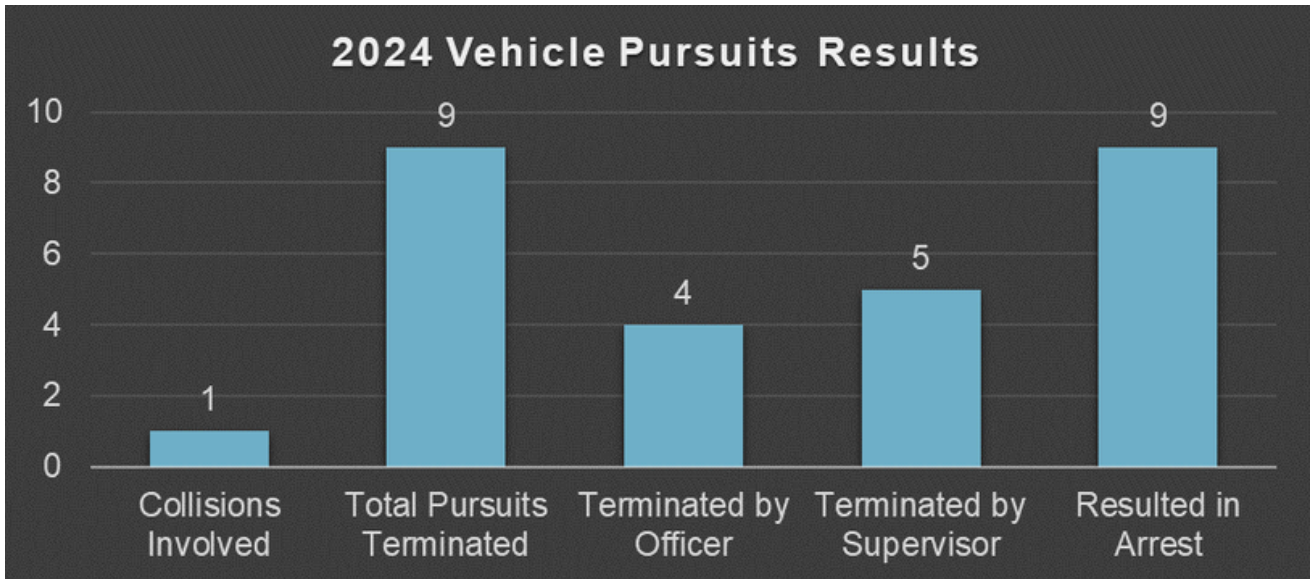
Traffic Collision Report

Year	Collisions	Collisions With Injuries	Collisions With Fatalities
2021	703	96	0
2022	668	91	1
2023	555	76	0
2024	528	84	1

The City Of Clemson and adjacent University continue to grow in housing and population. These factors increase the amount of traffic on the roadways. Congestion is always a hot topic for the Clemson area. The City Of Clemson and the Clemson Police Department continue to work together along with several other entities and agencies to help come up with a solution for this issue. Meanwhile, Clemson Police Department is taking proactive steps to help alleviate some of the problems including, but not limited to, the use of mobile signs directing traffic, increased officer presence in problem areas, and educating local business owners on what they can do to help.



Vehicle Pursuit Analysis



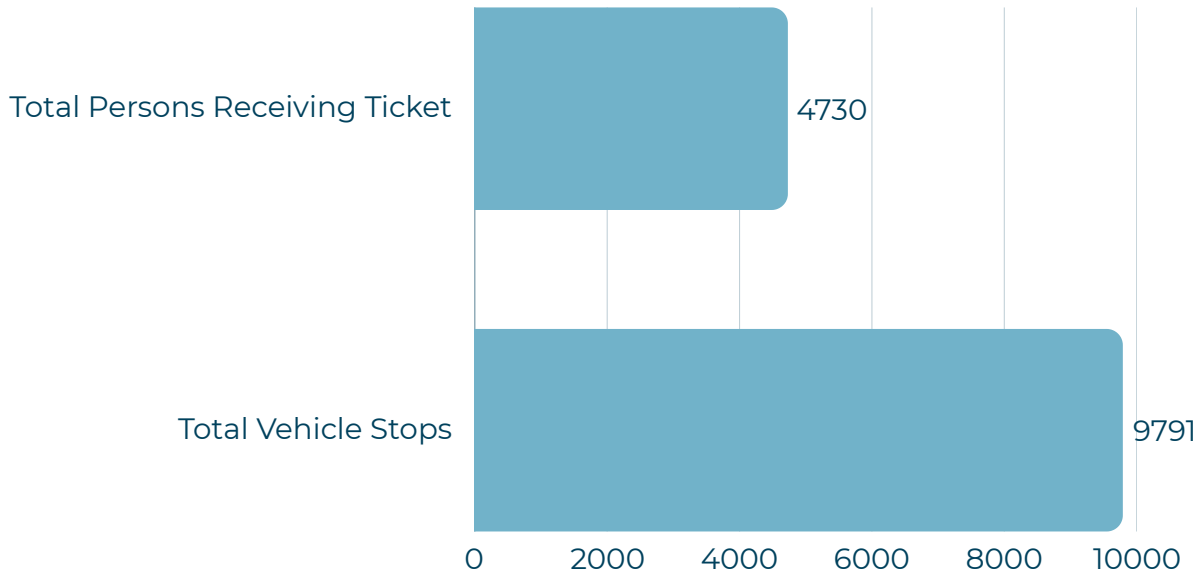
In accordance with General Order 15.3, a Unit Commander reviewed each incident and submitted the review to the Chief Of Police. In all instances, the careful review of each incident by the Unit Commander affirmed that the vehicle pursuit was consistent with agency policy and all instances remained well within State Law.

All officers with the Clemson City Police Department receive regular instruction and review of the Emergency Vehicle Operations General Order during annual EVO training.

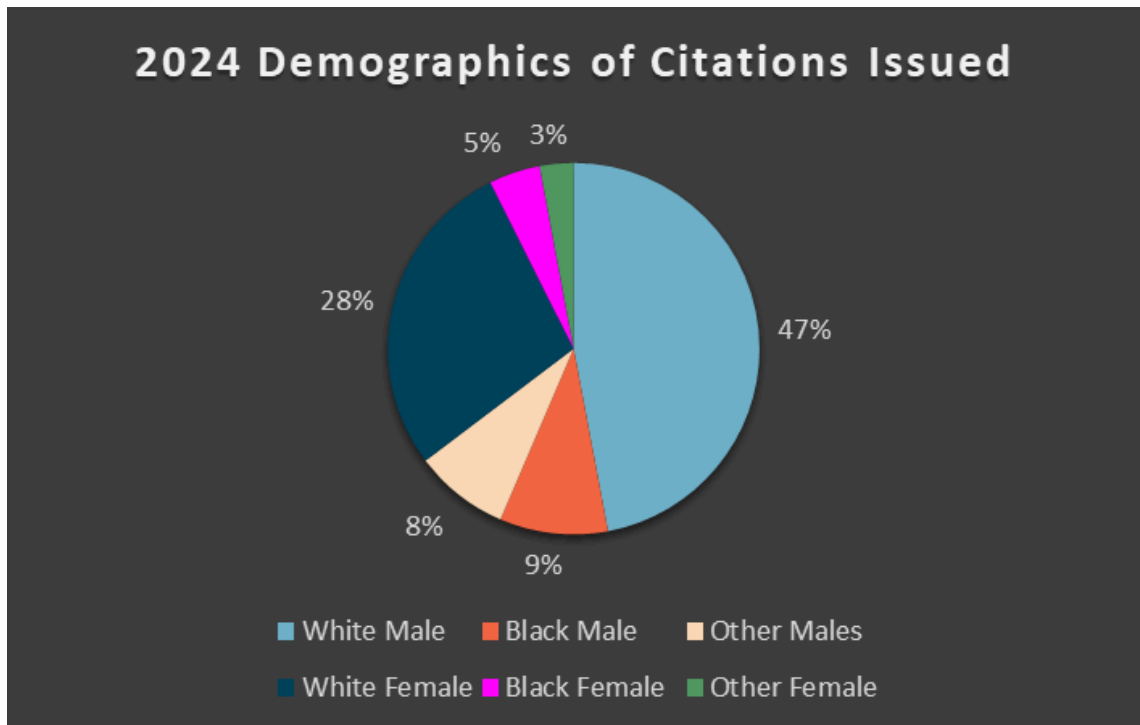
At the time of this report, General Order 15.3, which governs departmental emergency vehicle operations, was reviewed to ensure it was up to date and required no revisions. No revisions to this general order are recommended at this time.

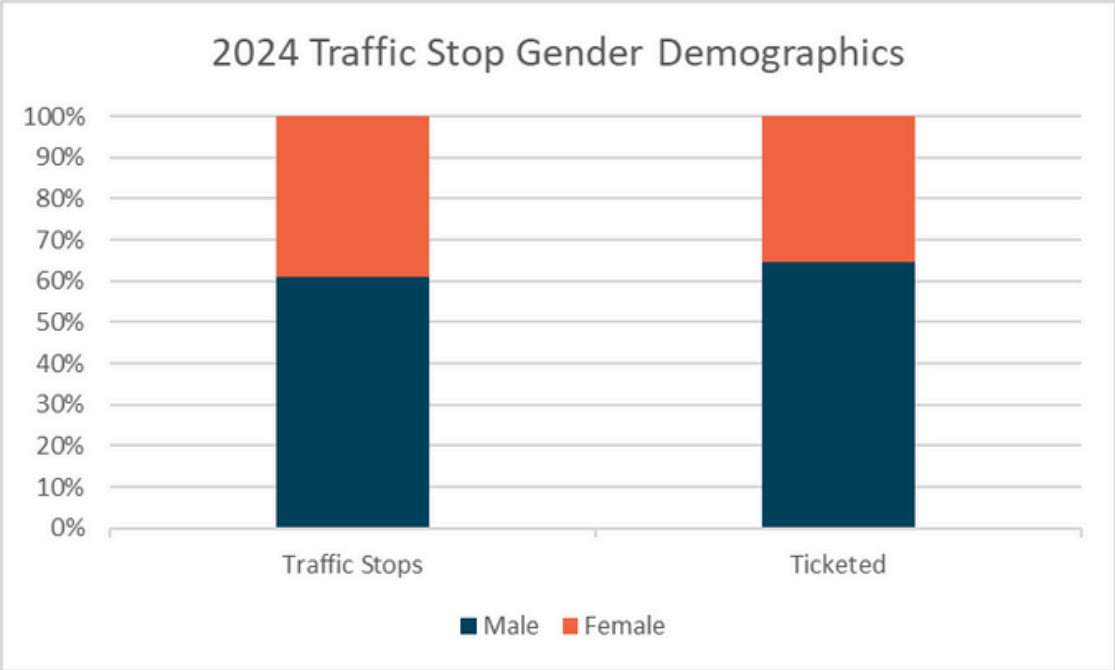
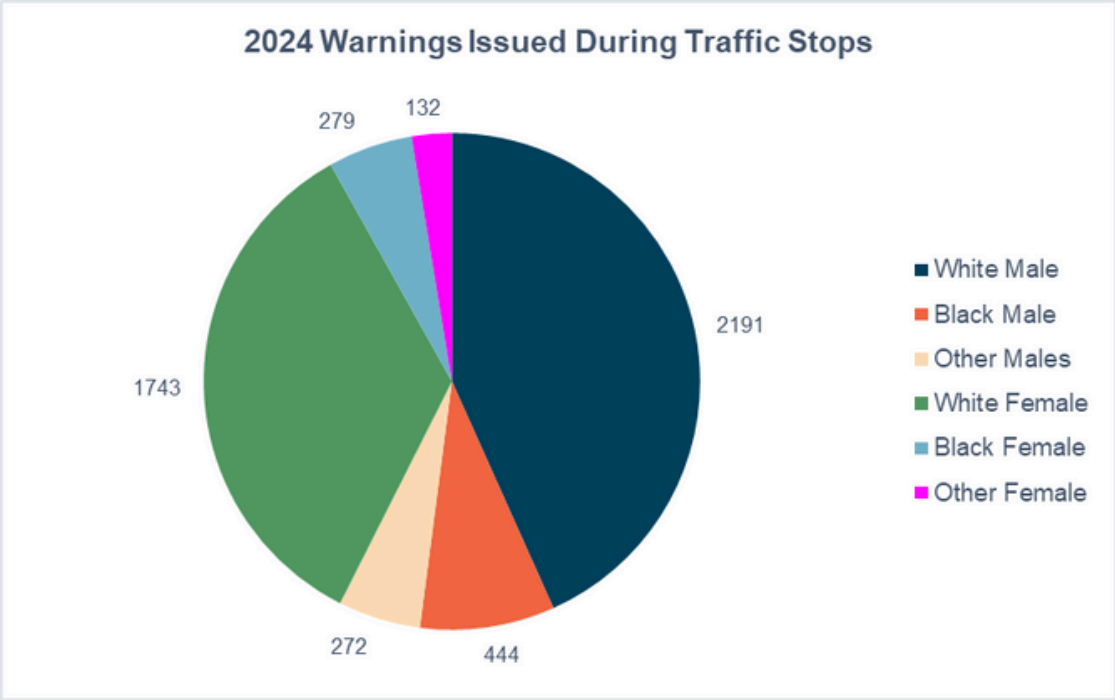
Biased Based Policing Report

In order to monitor activity and assure no bias in department policing, the Clemson Police Department conducts an annual review of the statistics and demographics associated with traffic cases. The following report shows the demographic breakdown for the traffic stops, citations, and warnings from January 1, 2024 through December 31, 2024.



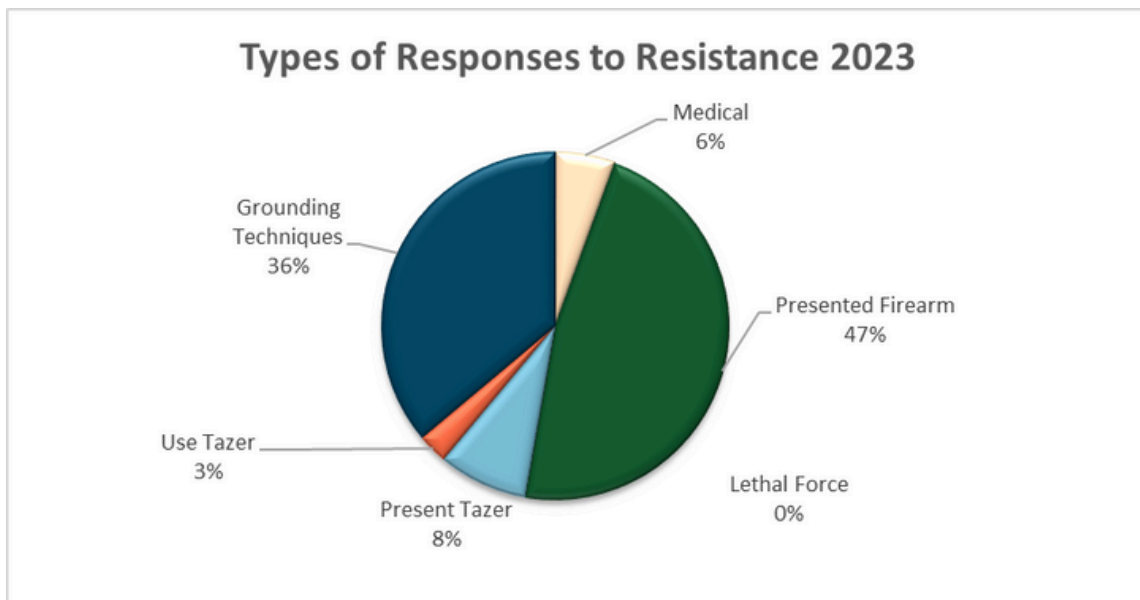
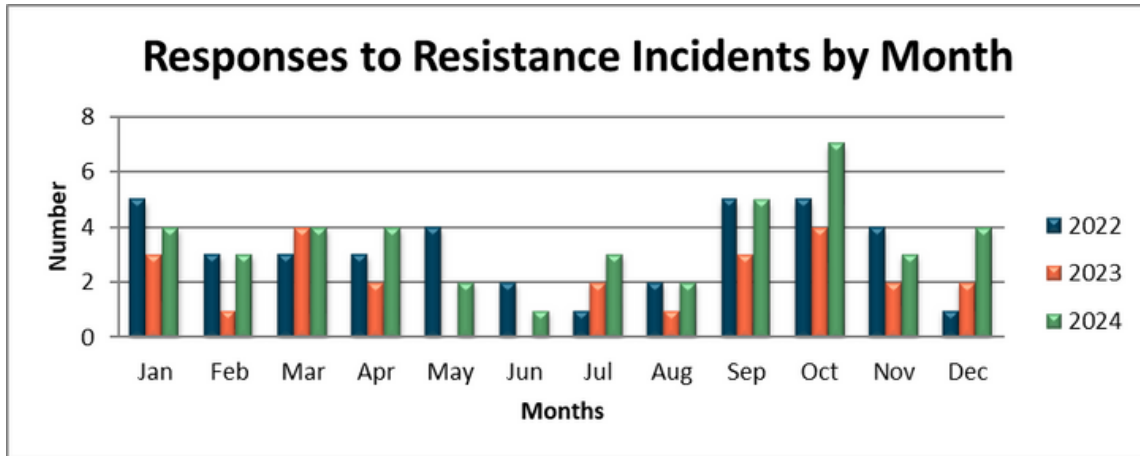
During the period of January 1, 2024 through December 31, 2024, officers at the Clemson Police Department conducted 9,791 vehicle stops and issued 4,730 traffic citations. The charts on the following pages demonstrate the statistical make-up of those contacts.





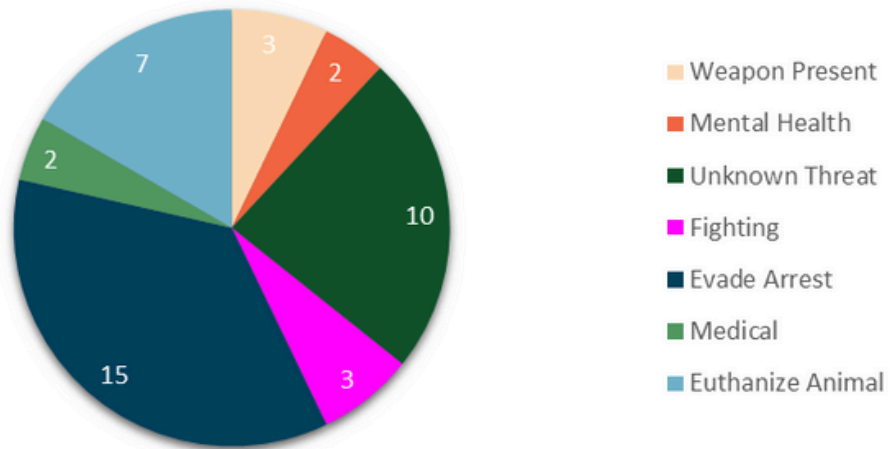
The 2024 findings show a significant increase in traffic stops from 2023 and an increase in traffic citations. Due to the increase in officer visibility and enforcement, these findings are consistent with previous years and show no abnormalities.

Response To Resistance Analysis



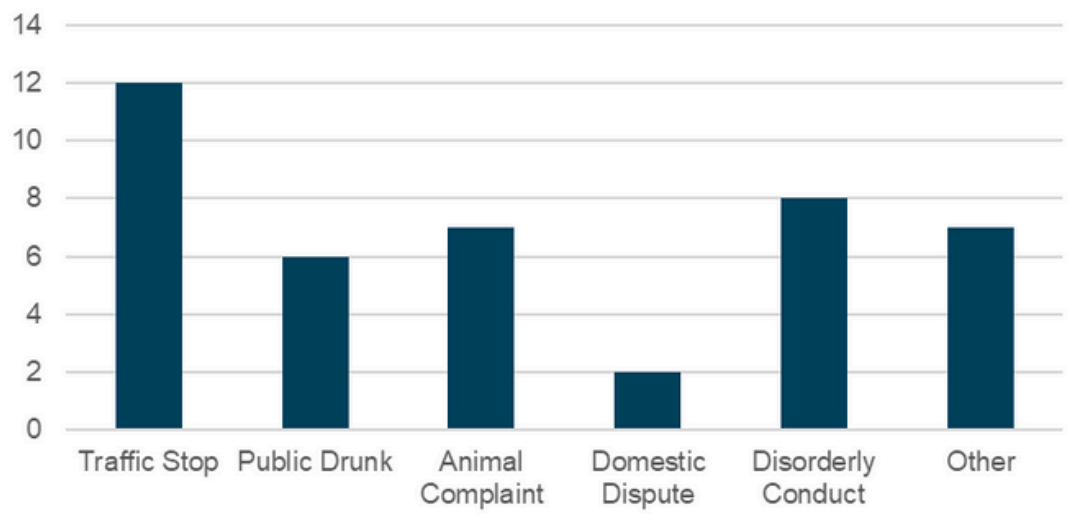
2024 data indicates that presentation of a firearm was the most commonly used resistance response (47%). This is due to the number of unknown threats for felony traffic stops, suspects with weapons and building clearance. There were no firearms discharged at suspects. This is due to increased training in less lethal options for de-escalating a problem. There were no incidents requiring lethal force, accidental discharge, or baton strikes. Medical cases are when officers are assisting EMS with subjects having severe medical events.

Reason for Response to Resistance 2024

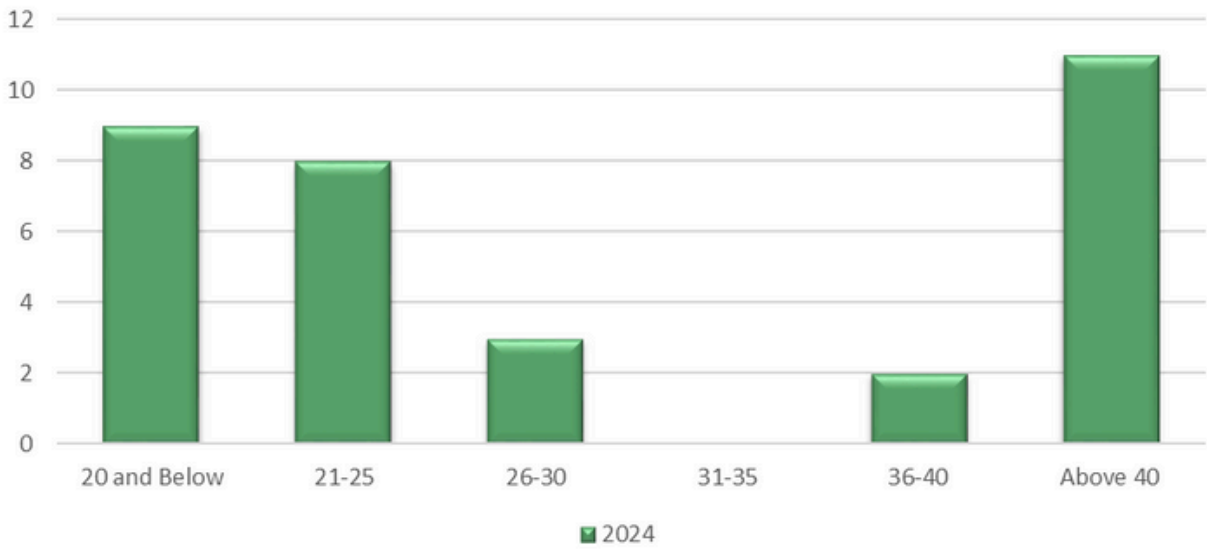


The chart above illustrates the types of subject conduct that prompted a response to resistance by the officer with the most common being evading arrest. The unknown threat category is due to high risk calls, where a weapon was presented until the situation was safe, such as building clearing, felony car stops, and subjects fighting each other. There were two medical events where officers assisted medical personnel with a subject having a seizure. The two mental health events were the officer protecting the individual from themselves.

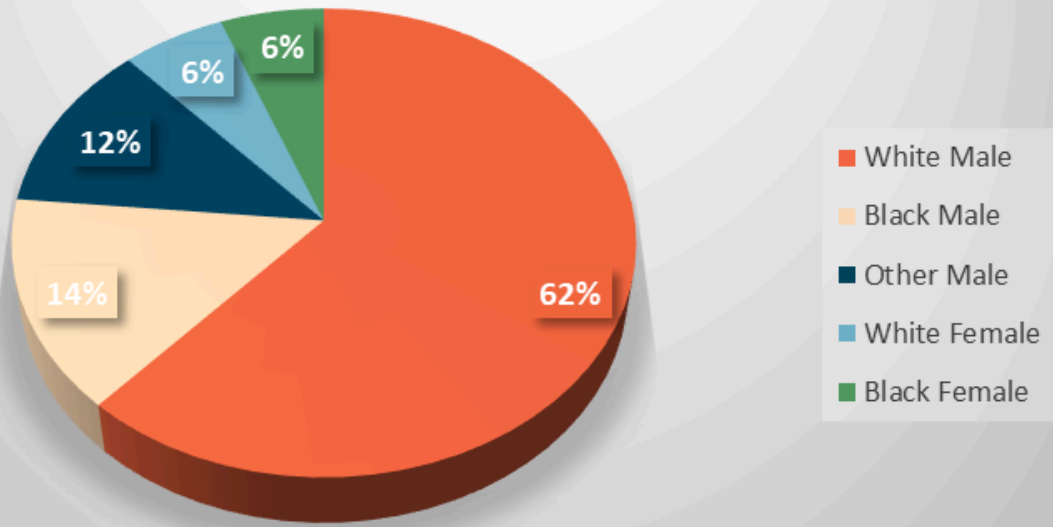
Original Incident Type Before Response to Resistance 2024



Age Range of Suspects Involved in Resistance Incidents

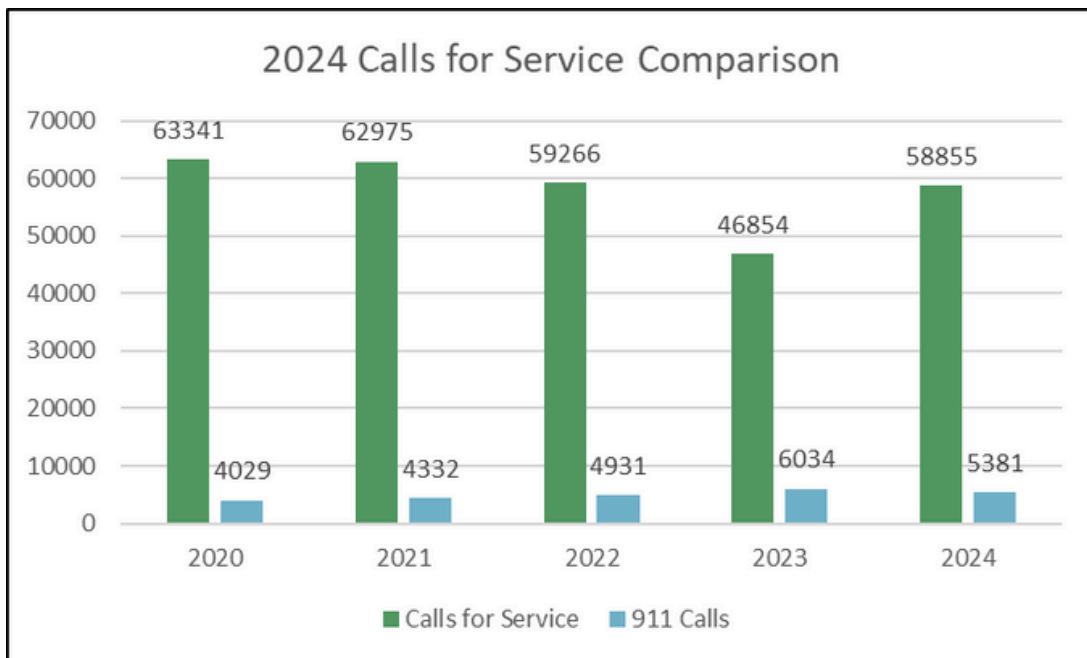
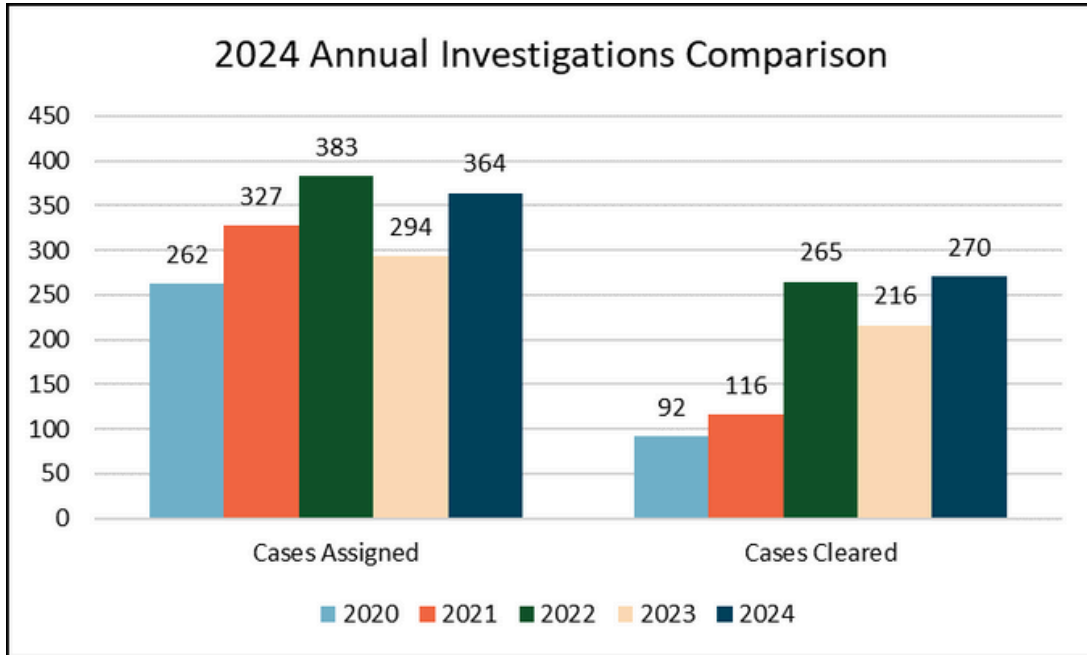


Demographics of Suspects Involved in Resistance Incidents



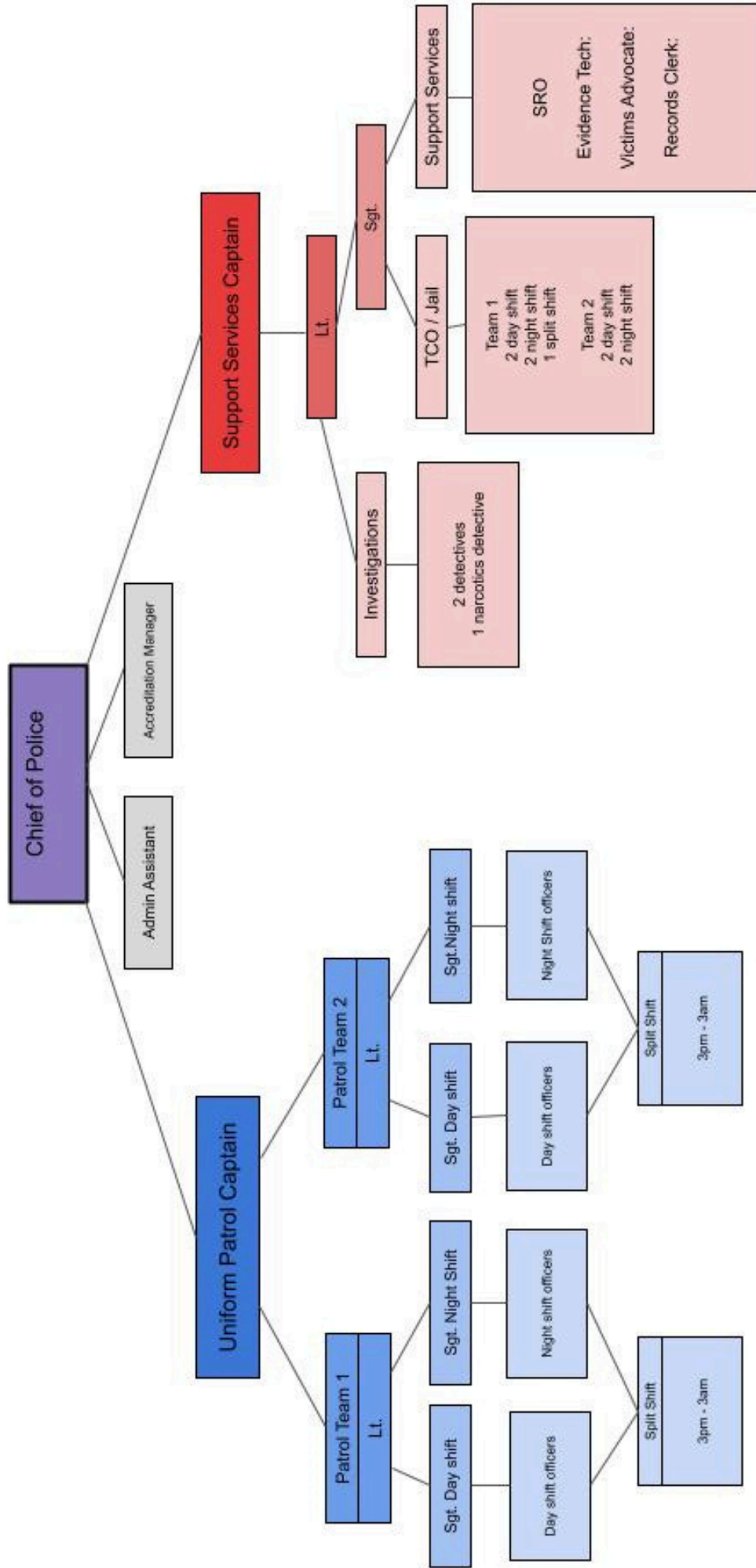
Appendix A: Statistical / Informational

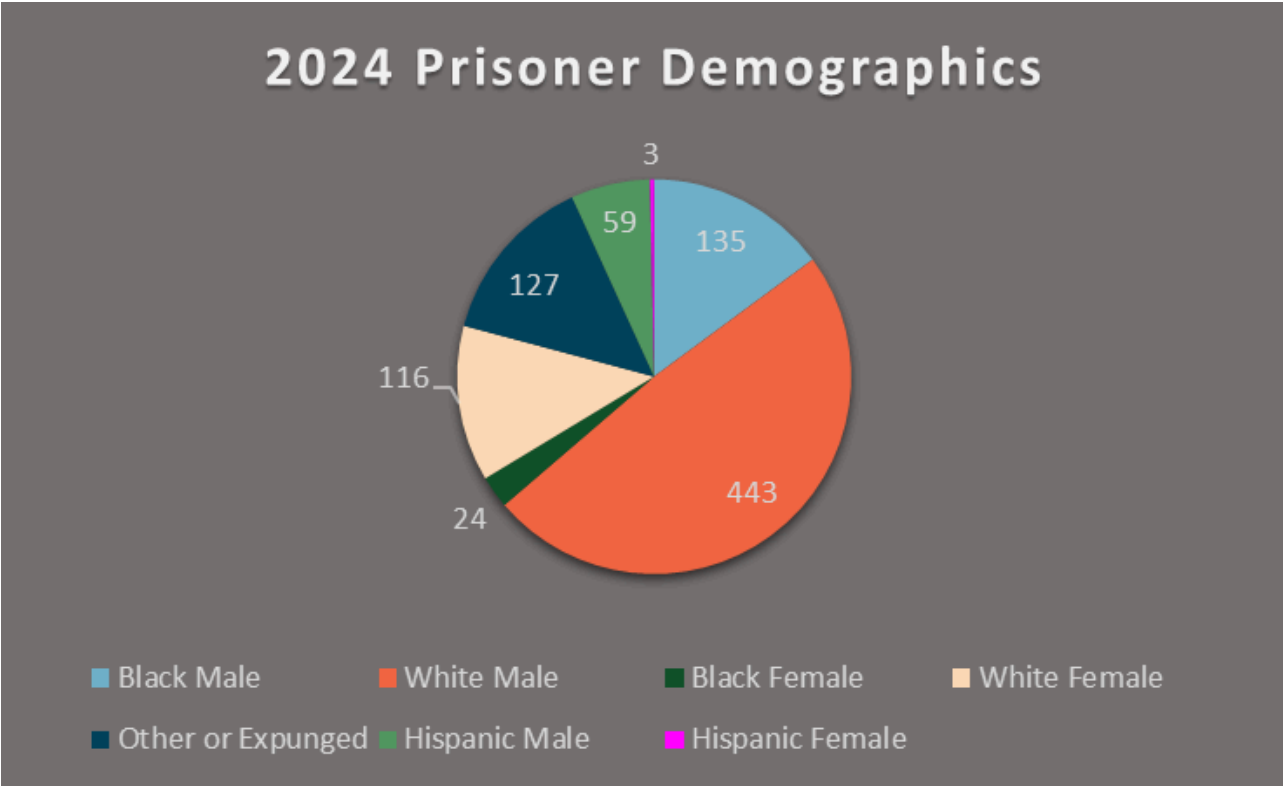
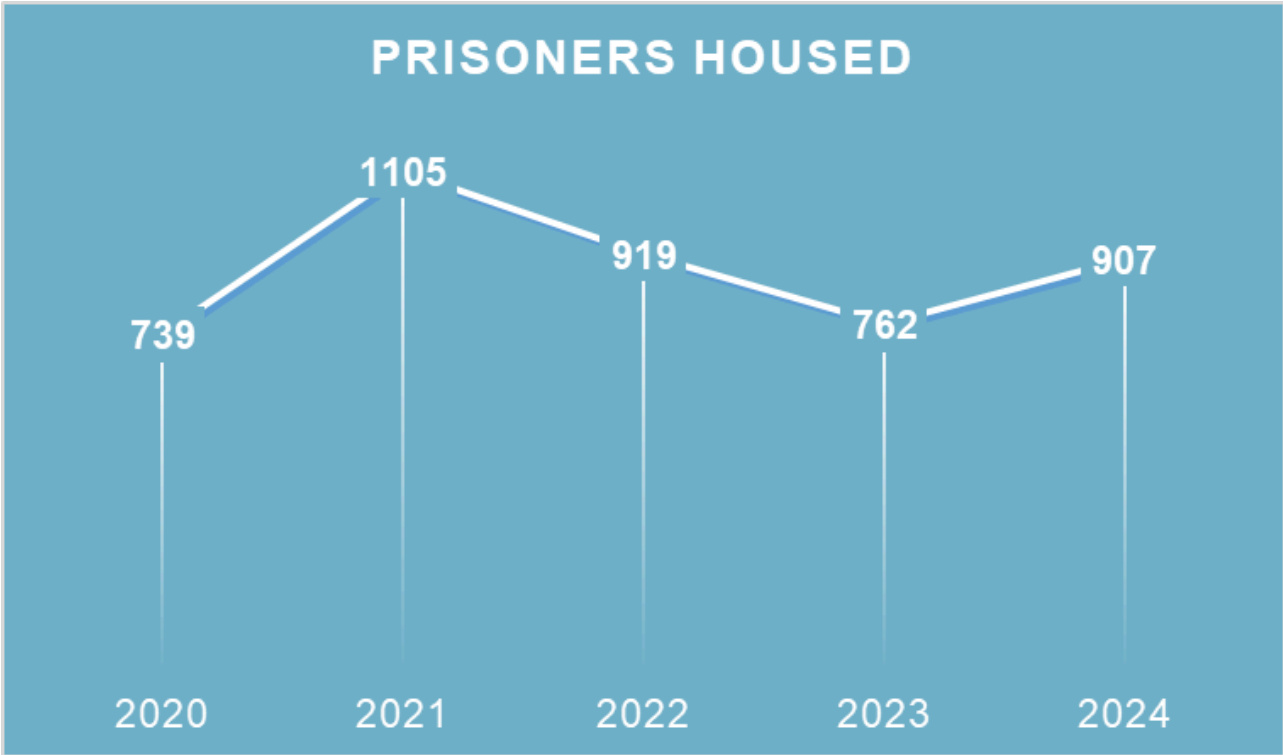
Charts And Graphs



CLEMSON POLICE DEPARTMENT

Organization Chart





2024 USE OF FORCE STATISTICS									
Sworn Personnel	White (Non-Hispanic)		Black (Non-Hispanic)		Hispanic-Latino (Any Race)		Other		Total
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
Firearm									
* Discharge	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
* Number Of Suspects Receiving Injuries	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
* Display Only	7	1	5	1	2	0	0	0	16
ECW									
* Discharge	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
* Display Only	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2
Baton	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Chemical / OC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weaponless	12	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	14
Canine									
* Release Only	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
* Release And Bite	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Use Of Force	21	2	5	1	4	0	0	0	33
Total Number Of Incidents Resulting In Officer Injury Or Death	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Use Of Force Arrests	21	2	5	1	4	0	0	0	33
Total Agency Custodial Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Use Of Force Complaints	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

• Note: For these numbers, Use Of Force does not include training sessions or euthanizing an animal.

Internal Affairs Numbers

Personnel Actions	
2024	
Suspension	6
Demotion	0
Resign In Lieu of Termination	3
Termination	0
Other	5
Total	14
Commendations	0

Complaints And Internal Affairs Investigations	
2024	
External - Citizen Complaint	
Sustained	2
Not Sustained	0
Unfounded	6
Exonerated	0
Total	8
Internal -Directed Complaint	
Sustained	9
Not Sustained	0
Unfounded	0
Exonerated	0
Total	9

2024 Number Of Calls For Service
58,855

Biased Based Policing Complaints	
2024	
Complaints derived from:	
Traffic Contacts	0
Field Contacts	0
Asset Forfeitures	0

2024 Formal Grievances	
Number of Grievances	0

Traffic Warnings And Citations			
Year 2024			
Race/Gender	Warnings	Citations	Total
White Non-Hispanic			
Male	2191	2225	4416
Female	1743	1320	3063
Black Non-Hispanic			
Male	444	445	889
Female	279	211	490
Other			
Male	272	390	662
Female	132	139	271
Total	5061	4730	9791



Vehicle Pursuits	
2024	
Total Pursuits	18
Forcible Stopping Techniques Used	0
Terminated By Agency	9
Policy Compliant	18
Policy Non-Compliant	0
Total Collisions	1
Total Injuries For:	
Officers	0
Suspects	0
Third Party	0
Reason Initiated:	
Traffic	13
Felony	2
Misdemeanor	3

Part 1 Crimes	
2024	
Homicide	0
Forcible Rape	20
Robbery	2
Aggravated Assault	13
Burglary	29
Larceny-Theft	355
Motor Vehicle Theft	68
Arson	0

Appendix B: Definitions

Aggravated Assault: An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. Simple assaults are excluded.

All Other Offenses: All violations of state or local laws not specifically identified as Part I or Part II offenses, except traffic violations.

Arson: Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc.

Baton: A cylindrical device that can be fixed or expandable in length that can be used to strike another person.

Burglary (breaking and entering): The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft. Attempted forcible entry is included.

Chemical / OC: Any chemical or oleoresin capsicum (OC) such as an aerosol, liquid, or powder, regardless of dispersal method that can be discharged on another person in defense.

Citation: A contact that results in the issuance of a non-custodial citation or summons.

Citizen Complaint: Complaints against the agency or its employees submitted by citizens or organizations outside the agency.

Commendations: Any formal award or recognition presented to an employee for their performance.

Criminal Homicide: a.) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter: the willful (nonnegligent) killing of one human being by another. Deaths caused by negligence, attempts to kill, assaults to kill, suicides, and accidental deaths are excluded. The program classifies justifiable homicides separately and limits the definition to: (1) the killing of a felon by a law enforcement officer in the line of duty; or (2) the killing of a felon, during the commission of a felony, by a private citizen. B.) Manslaughter by negligence: the killing of another person through gross negligence. Deaths of persons due to their own negligence accidental deaths not resulting from gross negligence, and traffic fatalities are not included in the category.

Demotion: Any loss of rank, position or assignment as a result of disciplinary action.

Directed Complaint: Complaints against the agency or its employees submitted by a member of the agency or initiated by the agency.

Disorderly Conduct: Any behavior that tends to disturb the public peace or decorum, scandalize the community, or shock the public sense of morality.

Driving Under The Influence: Driving or operating a motor vehicle or common carrier while mentally or physically impaired as the result of consuming an alcoholic beverage or using a drug or narcotic.

Drug Abuse Violations: The violation of laws prohibiting the production, distribution, and/or use of certain controlled substances. The unlawful cultivation, manufacture, distribution, sale, purchase, use, possession, transportation, or importation of any controlled drug or narcotic substance. Arrests for violations of state and local laws, specifically those relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing, and making of narcotic drugs. The following drug categories are specified: opium or cocaine and their derivatives (morphine, heroin, codeine); marijuana; synthetic narcotics—manufactured narcotics that can cause true addiction (demerol, methadone); and dangerous nonnarcotic drugs (barbiturates, benzedrine).

Drunkennes: To drink alcoholic beverages to the extent that one's mental faculties and physical coordination are substantially impaired. Driving under the influence is excluded.

ECW: Electronic Conductive Weapon such as a Taser® or similar device.

ECW Discharge: Actual deployment or discharge of an Electronic Conductive Weapon, such as Taser® or similar device on another person, excluding discharges conducted during training sessions.

ECW Display: Pointing of an Electronic Conductive Weapon, such as Taser® or similar device on another person for the purpose of using force for defensive actions.

Embezzlement: The unlawful misappropriation or misapplication by an offender to his/her own use or purpose of money, property, or some other thing of value entrusted to his/her care, custody, or control.

Exonerated: Absolve from blame for a fault or wrongdoing, especially after due consideration of the case. Complaints where actions reported did occur; however, the agency or its employee(s) acted appropriately.

Firearm: Refers to any pistol, rifle, or shotgun.

Firearm Discharge: Actual firing or discharge of a pistol, rifle or shotgun.

Firearm Display: Pointing or presenting a pistol, rifle or shotgun for the purpose of using force or defensive actions.

Forcible Rape: Rapes by force and attempts or assaults to rape, regardless of the age of the victim, are included. Statutory offenses (no force used—victim under age of consent) are excluded.

Forgery And Counterfeiting: The altering, copying, or imitating of something, without authority or right, with the intent to deceive or defraud by passing the copy or thing altered or imitated as that which is original or genuine; or the selling, buying, or possession of an altered, copied, or imitated thing with the intent to deceive or defraud. Attempts are included.

Fraud: The intentional perversion of the truth for the purpose of inducing another person or other entity in reliance upon it to part with something of value or to surrender a legal right. Fraudulent conversion and obtaining of money or property by false pretenses. Confidence games and bad checks, except forgeries and counterfeiting, are included.

Gambling: To unlawfully bet or wager money or something else of value; assist, promote, or operate a game of chance for money or some other stake; possess or transmit wagering information; manufacture, sell, purchase, possess, or transport gambling equipment, devices, or goods; or tamper with the outcome of a sporting event or contest to gain a gambling advantage.

Larceny: Theft (except motor vehicle theft). The unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another. Examples are thefts of bicycles, motor vehicle parts and accessories, shoplifting, pocket-picking, or the stealing of any property or article that is not taken by force and violence or by fraud. Attempted larcenies are included. Embezzlement, confidence games, forgery, check fraud, etc., are excluded.

Liquor Laws: The violation of state or local laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, or use of alcoholic beverages, not including driving under the influence and drunkenness. Federal violations are excluded.

Motor Vehicle Theft: The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle. A motor vehicle is self-propelled and runs on land surface and not on rails. Motorboats, construction equipment, airplanes, and farming equipment are specifically excluded from this category.

Not Sustained: Complaints where the investigation failed to disclose sufficient evidence to prove or disprove the allegations made in the complaint.

Offenses Against The Family And Children: Unlawful nonviolent acts by a family member (or legal guardian) that threaten the physical, mental, or economic well-being or morals of another family member and that are not classifiable as other offenses, such as Assault or Sex Offenses. Attempts are included.

Other Assaults (Simple): Assaults and attempted assaults where no weapon was used or no serious or aggravated injury resulted to the victim. Stalking, intimidation, coercion, and hazing are included.

Part I Crimes: Designated by the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) as ten serious crimes that occur on a regular basis, have a uniformity of definition, large volume, and a high likelihood of being reported. Part I Crimes fall into two categories: violent crimes and property crimes. Violent crimes are homicide, rape, robbery, aggravated assault, and human trafficking. Property Crimes are burglary, larceny, motor vehicle theft, and arson.

Prostitution And Commercialized Vice: The unlawful promotion of or participation in sexual activities for profit, including attempts. To solicit customers or transport persons for prostitution purposes; to own, manage, or operate a dwelling or other establishment for the purpose of providing a place where prostitution is performed; or to otherwise assist or promote prostitution.

Resign in Lieu Of Termination: An employee resigns their position rather than face disciplinary action.

Robbery: The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

Sex Offenses: Offenses (except forcible rape, prostitution, and commercialized vice) against chastity, common decency, morals, and the like. Incest, indecent exposure, and statutory rape are included. Attempts are included.

Stolen Property (Buying, Receiving, Possessing): Buying, receiving, possessing, selling, concealing, or transporting any property with the knowledge that it has been unlawfully taken, as by burglary, embezzlement, fraud, larceny, robbery, etc. Attempts are included.

Suspension: Any loss of work hours or docking of pay as a result of disciplinary action.

Suspicion: A feeling or thought that something is possible, likely, or true. Cautious distrust.

Sustained: Complaints determined to be valid and either the agency or its employee(s) is responsible for some causal act or omission.

Termination: Discharge or firing of an employee as a result of disciplinary action.

Unfounded: Complaints determined not to be valid. (i.e. the situation described did not occur)

Vagrancy: The violation of a court order, regulation, ordinance, or law requiring the withdrawal of persons from the streets or other specified areas; prohibiting persons from remaining in an area or place in an idle or aimless manner; or prohibiting persons from going from place to place without visible means of support.

Vandalism: To willfully or maliciously destroy, injure, disfigure, or deface any public or private property, real or personal, without the consent of the owner or person having custody or control by cutting, tearing, breaking, marking, painting, drawing, covering with filth, or any other such means as may be specified by local law. Attempts are included.

Warning: A documented contact resulting in a verbal or written warning for a violation.

Weaponless Force: Actual use of physical force to control or subdue another person, such as pressure points, joint manipulation, take-downs, punches, kicks, etc.

Weapons: Carrying, Possessing, Etc.: The violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, concealment, or use of firearms, cutting instruments, explosives, incendiary devices, or other deadly weapons. Attempts are included.

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